# **2010 Final Results**Press Conference

23 March 2011



# Strong revenue and profit growth

P&L	2010 US\$ million	YoY	2009 US\$ million
Turnover	446.49	+27.8%	349.42
Gross profit	166.72	+11.7%	149.25
Operating profit	113.27	+13.4%	99.92
Operating profit after finance income & costs	90.37	+36.7%	66.12
Share of profits less losses of		00.40/	
- Jointly controlled entities	74.65	+26.1%	59.18
- Associates	132.12	+301.7%	32.89
Income tax expenses	(15.65)	+17.8%	(13.29)
Profit attributable to equity holders	361.31	+109.4%	172.53
Profit attributable to equity holders excluding non-recurring items	269.58	+92.7%	139.89

# Three non-recurring items

P&L	2010 US\$ million	YoY	2009 US\$ million
Profit attributable to equity holders	361.31	+109.4%	172.53
Profit on disposal of COSCO Logistics Profit contribution from COSCO Logistics	(84.71)	n/c n/c	(25.63)
Profit on disposal of Dalian Port Dividends received from Dalian Port	(7.02)	n/c n/c	(1.49)
Profit on disposal of Shanghai CIMC Reefer	-	n/c	(5.52)
Profit attributable to equity holders excluding non-recurring items	269.58	+ 92.7%	139.89

# Core profit grew by 45.7%

Net profit by segments	2010 US\$ million	YoY	2009 US\$ million
Terminals	119.88	+43.5%	83.55
Container leasing, management and sale	96.37	+ 35.0%	71.38
Container manufacturing	91.87	+197.5%	30.88
Logistics	-	n/c	25.63
Core profit	308.12	+45.7%	211.44
Net corporate expense & finance costs	(31.52)	- 19.0%	(38.91)
Profit on disposal of COSCO Logistics	84.71	n/c	<del>-</del>
Profit attributable to equity holders	361.31	+109.4%	172.53

# Stable payout ratio

DPS / EPS	2010	YoY	2009
Total basic earnings per share Note 1	US14.17cents	+ 85.0%	US7.66cents
Final dividend per share Note 2	HK19.3 cents US2.483 cents	+107.1%	HK9.3 cents US1.199 cents
Interim dividend per share	HK13.7 cents US1.759 cents	-5.5%	HK14.4 cents US1.862 cents
Special dividend per share	HK11.1 cents US1.426 cents	n/c	_
Total dividend per share	HK44.1 cents US5.668 cents	+85.2%	HK23.7 cents US3.061 cents
Payout ratio	40%	_	40%

Note1:2010 Basic EPS is calculated based on the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year amounted to 2,550,377,628 shares Note2:2010 final DPS is calculated based on the total number of outstanding shares issued as at 31st December 2010 amounted to 2,711,525,573 shares

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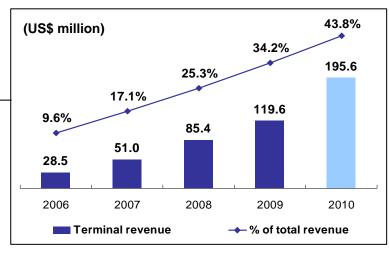
## **Terminal business**

#### Largest profit contributor

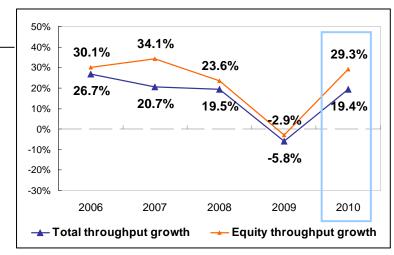
Terminal division	2010	YoY	2009
Divisional revenue Note 1 (US\$ million)	195.59	+63.5%	119.59
% of total revenue	43.8%	+9.6pp	34.2%
Divisional profit (US\$ million)	119.88	+43.5%	83.55
Divisional profit % of total core profit	38.9%	-0.6pp	39.5%
Total throughput Note 2 (TEUs)	48,523,870	+19.4%	40,643,042
Equity throughput Note 2 (TEUs)	12,236,920	+29.3%	9,467,127
Annual handling capacity (TEUs)	55,497,500	+6.6%	52,050,000
No. of operating container berths	97	+1	96

Note 1: Terminal revenue was generated mainly from Piraeus, Zhangjiagang Win Hanveky, Quanzhou Pacific, Yangzhou Yuanyang and Jinjiang Pacific terminals.

#### Terminal revenue 5 yr CAGR +61.9%



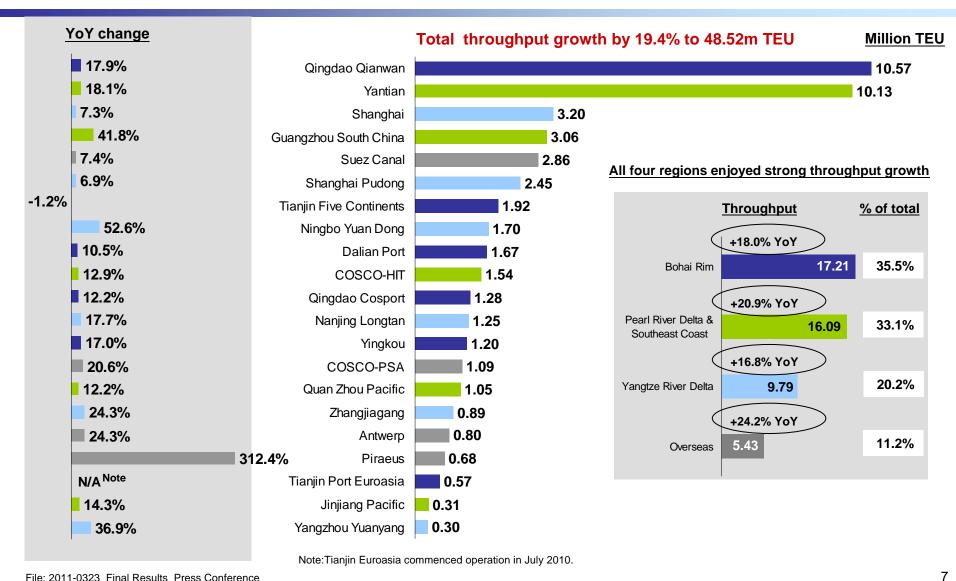
#### **Equity throughput outperforming total throughput**



Note 2: Disposed of its 8.13% stake in Dalian Port Container Co., Ltd. in Jan 2010.

## **Terminal business**

#### Well balanced throughput growth

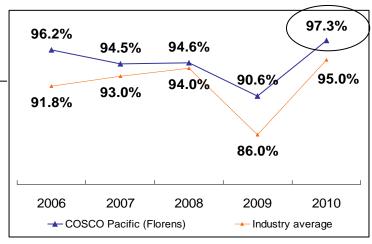


# **Container leasing business**

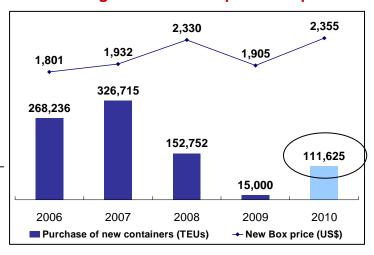
## Utilisation rate increased by 6.7pp to 97.3%

Container leasing division	2010	YoY	2009
Divisional revenue (US\$ million)	250.90	+9.2%	229.83
- Leasing revenue	207.25	+4.6%	198.07
- Disposal of returned containers	33.89	+48.4%	22.84
- Management income	7.42	+14.6%	6.47
- Others	2.34	-4.3%	2.45
% of total revenue	56.2%	-9.6pp	65.8%
Divisional profit (US\$ million)	96.37	+35.0%	71.38
Divisional profit % of total core profit	31.3%	-2.5pp	33.8%
Fleet capacity (TEUs)	1,631,783	+3.1%	1,582,614
Global market share	13.0%	-1.3pp	14.3%
Average utilisation rate	97.3%	+6.7pp	90.6%
Purchase of new containers (TEUs)	111,625	+644.2%	15,000
Disposal of returned containers (TEUs)	28,674	+25.4%	22,863

#### Utilisation well above industry average



#### Reactivating new container purchase plan



# Healthy financial position

- Placement for the acquisition of about 10% interests in Yantian Terminal: USD584 million
- Seizing opportunity for terminal business development while maintaining healthy financial position with cash on hand amounted to US\$524 million (2009: US\$406 million).

Assets and Liabilities	31/12/2010	YoY	31/12/2009
Net debt to total equity	29.6%	-12.3pp	41.9%
Total assets (US\$ million)	5,252	+13.3%	4,635
Total liabilities (US\$ million)	1,758	-1.1%	1,777
Total debt (US\$ million)	1,559	-2.8%	1,604
Net assets (US\$ million)	3,494	+22.2%	2,858
Net debts (US\$ million)	1,034	-13.7%	1,199
Cash on hand (US\$ million)	524	+29.2%	406

## 2010 Awards

- "Corporate Governance Asia Recognition Award"
  - by Corporate Governance Asia magazine
- "The Hong Kong outstanding enterprise"
  - by Economist Digest magazine
- "The Asset Corporate Governance Gold Award for Investor Relations"
  - by The Asset magazine.
- "Citation for corporate governance disclosure" for 2009 annual report
  - by Hong Kong Management Association.
- "Foreign Company In-House Team of the Year"
  - by Asian Legal Business





# **Opportunities in 2011**

- Solid global economic growth: +4.4%
  - Moderate economic recovery in US (+3%) and Europe (+1.5%)
  - Solid economic growth in China (+9.6%)
- Increasing utilisation of ports and terminals
  - China ports: From 73% in 2010 to 79% in 2011
  - China container ports throughput: +13%
- Expanding global container shipping capacity
  - Global container shipping volume: +8%
  - Container shipping capacity: +8%
  - Accumulated old containers of 1.4m TEU extended its use of life
  - Expected a total of 3.5m TEU new containers demand

Source: Drewry (Aug 2010), IMF (Jan 2011) and Clarkson (Feb 2011)

# **Challenges in 2011**

- Modest economic growth in Europe
- Political tension in Middle East region
  - No significant impact to ports and terminals
- Tightening monetary policy in China
  - Higher interest rates and financial costs
- Rising inflation in China and other emerging markets
  - Increasing labour and fuel costs

## Building a solid platform for balanced growth

#### Focus resources to build core competence

 Optimising business model with focus on terminals as key earnings growth driver

#### Strengthened terminal portfolio

- Striving to achieve terminal profit exceeding 50% of net profit
- Balancing short-term interests with long-term sustainable returns of terminal investments by long range planning

#### Asset light model of container leasing business

Well-balanced fleet mix with owned and managed box